

σ in C-D prod. fn.

$$q = AK^\alpha L^\beta$$

$$MP_K = A \cdot \alpha K^{\alpha-1} L^\beta$$

$$MP_L = AK^\alpha \cdot \beta L^{\beta-1}$$

$$MRTS = \frac{MP_L}{MP_K} = \frac{AK^\alpha \beta L^{\beta-1}}{A \alpha K^{\alpha-1} L^\beta} = \frac{\beta K}{\alpha L}$$

$$\frac{K}{L} = \frac{\alpha}{\beta} (MRTS)'$$

$$\sigma = \frac{\partial (K/L)}{\partial MRTS} \cdot \frac{MRTS}{(K/L)}$$

$$= \frac{\alpha}{\beta} \cdot \frac{MRTS}{\frac{\alpha}{\beta} \cdot MRTS} = 1$$

Returns to Scale

$$q_0 = AK_0^\alpha L_0^\beta$$

$$q_0 = F(K_0, L_0)$$

$$q_1 = F(mK_0, mL_0)$$

$q_1 = mq_0$: constant returns to scale

$q_1 > mq_0$: increasing " " "

$q_1 < mq_0$: decreasing " " "

$$Q_0 = A K_0^\alpha L_0^\beta$$

$$Q_1 = A (mK_0)^\alpha (mL_0)^\beta$$

$$= A (m^{\alpha+\beta}) K_0^\alpha L_0^\beta$$

$$= m^{\alpha+\beta} Q_0$$

Constant returns to scale if $\alpha + \beta = 1$
 Increasing " " " " $\alpha + \beta > 1$
 Decreasing " " " " $\alpha + \beta < 1$

Cost Function shows the minimum

cost of producing any q , given input prices.

$$C = C(q, w, r)$$

corresponds to exp. fn.

$$\text{Min } C = wL + rK$$

$$\text{s.t. } q(K, L) = \bar{q}$$

$$\Rightarrow L^*(w, r, q), K^*(w, r, q)$$

Conditional Input Demand Functions

Long-Run (Total) Cost Function

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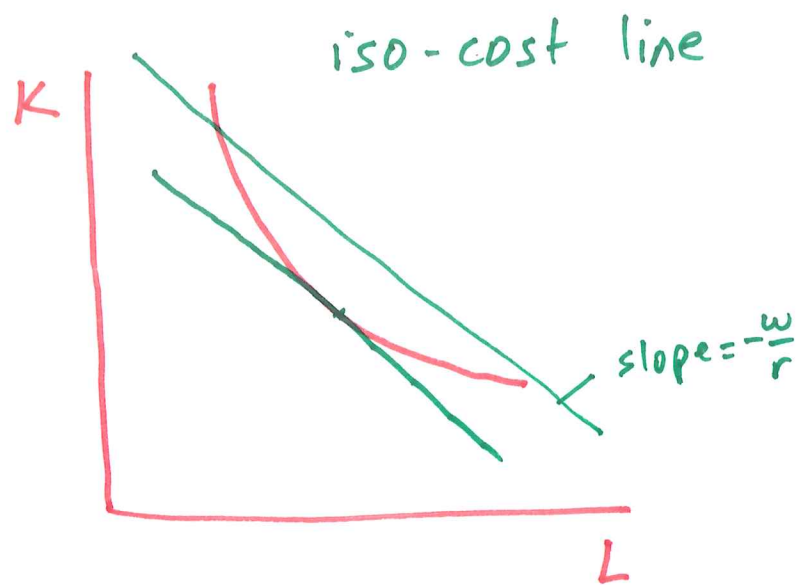
$$C = w \cdot L^* (q, w, r) + r K^* (q, w, r)$$

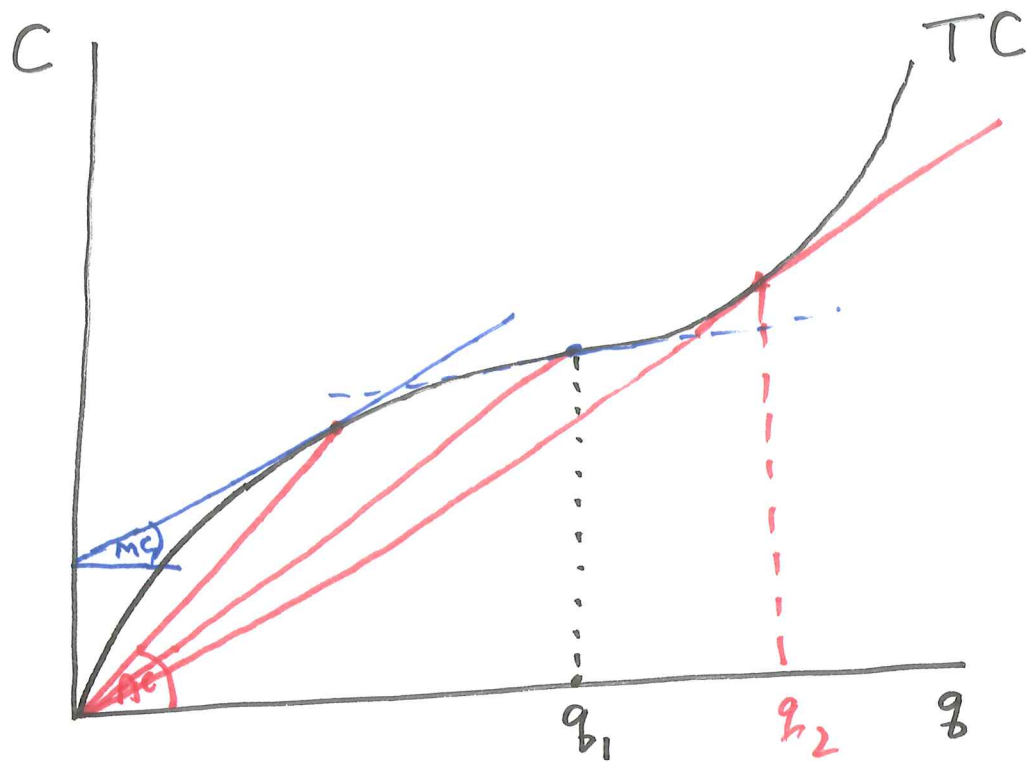
$$\mathcal{L} = wL + rK + \lambda [\bar{q} - q(K, L)]$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial L} = w - \lambda q_L = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial K} = r - \lambda q_K = 0$$

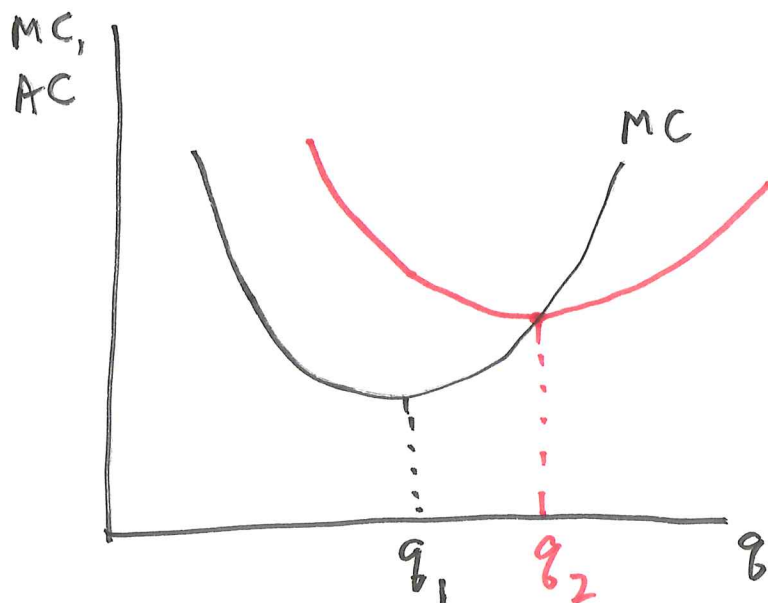
$$\frac{w}{r} = \frac{q_L}{q_K}$$





Average Cost: $AC = \frac{C}{q}$

Marginal Cost: $MC = \frac{dC}{dq}$



Cobb-Douglas :

$$q = AK^\alpha L^\beta$$

$$\frac{w}{r} = \frac{\beta K}{\alpha L} \Rightarrow K = \frac{\alpha}{\beta} \cdot \frac{w}{r} \cdot L$$

$$q = A \left[\frac{\alpha}{\beta} \cdot \frac{w}{r} \cdot L \right]^\alpha L^\beta$$

$$= A \left(\frac{\alpha}{\beta} \right)^\alpha \left(\frac{w}{r} \right)^\alpha L^{\alpha+\beta}$$

$$L^{\alpha+\beta} = \frac{q}{A} \left(\frac{\beta}{\alpha} \right)^\alpha \left(\frac{r}{w} \right)^\alpha$$

$$L^* = \left(\frac{q}{A} \right)^{\frac{1}{\alpha+\beta}} \left(\frac{\beta}{\alpha} \right)^{\frac{\alpha}{\alpha+\beta}} \left(\frac{r}{w} \right)^{\frac{\alpha}{\alpha+\beta}}$$

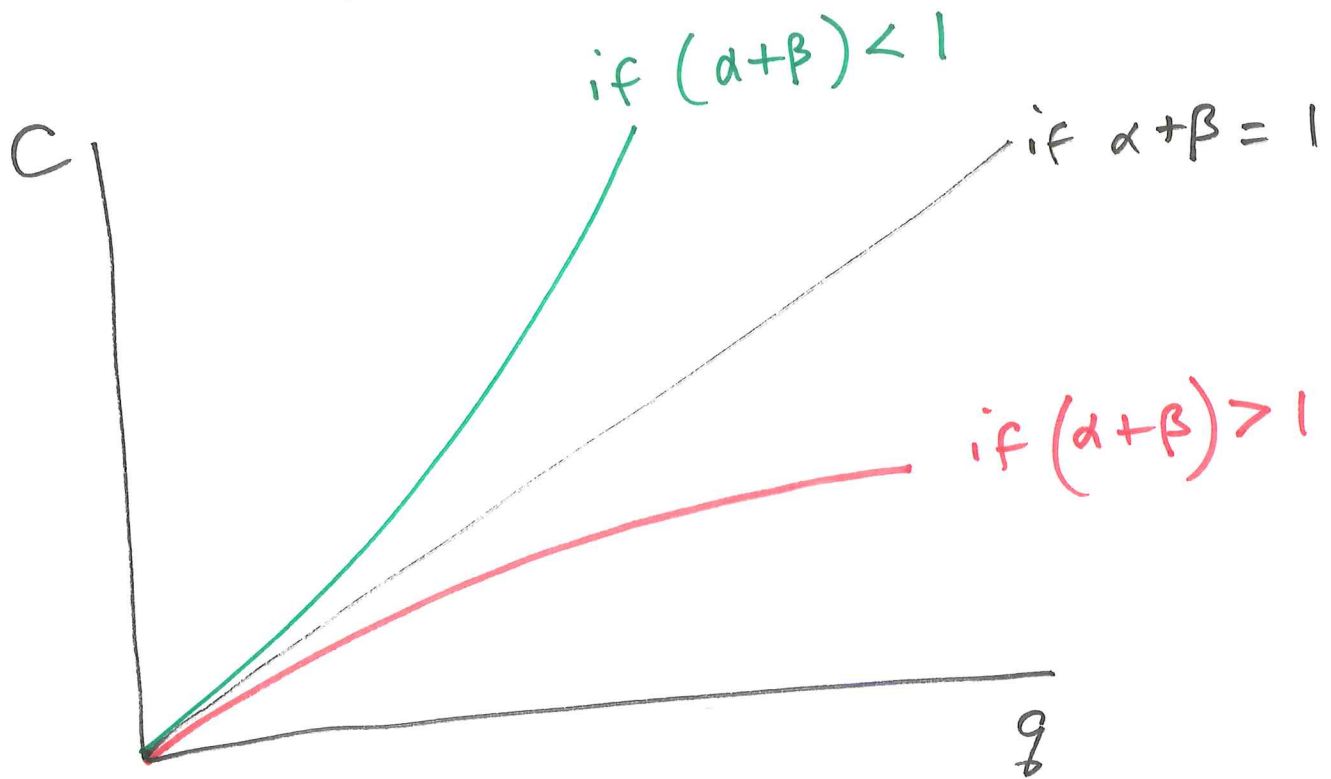
$$K^* = \left(\frac{\alpha}{\beta} \right) \left(\frac{w}{r} \right) \left(\frac{q}{A} \right)^{\frac{1}{\alpha+\beta}} \left(\frac{\beta}{\alpha} \right)^{\frac{\alpha}{\alpha+\beta}} \left(\frac{r}{w} \right)^{\frac{\alpha}{\alpha+\beta}}$$

$$= \left(\frac{q}{A} \right)^{\frac{1}{\alpha+\beta}} \left(\frac{\alpha}{\beta} \right)^{\frac{\beta}{\alpha+\beta}} \left(\frac{w}{r} \right)^{\frac{\beta}{\alpha+\beta}}$$

$$C(q, w, r) = wL^* + rK^*$$

$$=$$

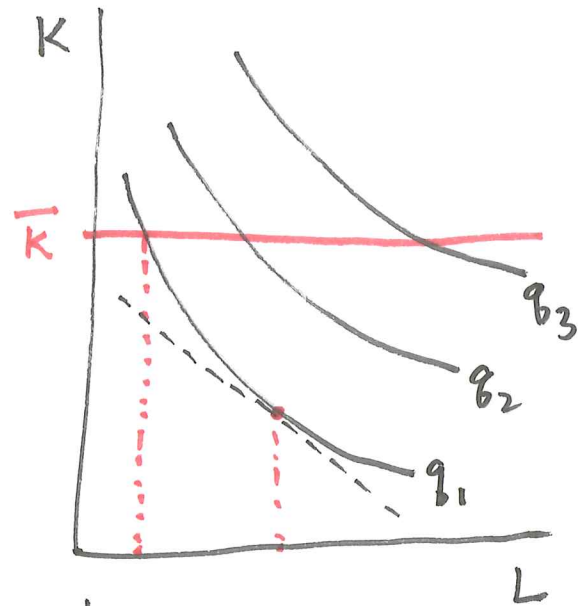
$$\begin{aligned}
 C &= \underbrace{\left(\frac{q}{A}\right)^{\frac{1}{\alpha+\beta}}}_{\text{red}} \underbrace{\left(\frac{\beta}{\alpha}\right)^{\frac{\alpha}{\alpha+\beta}} r^{\frac{\alpha}{\alpha+\beta}} w^{\frac{\beta}{\alpha+\beta}}}_{\text{blue}} \\
 &\quad + \underbrace{\left(\frac{q}{A}\right)^{\frac{1}{\alpha+\beta}}}_{\text{red}} \underbrace{\left(\frac{\alpha}{\beta}\right)^{\frac{\beta}{\alpha+\beta}} w^{\frac{\beta}{\alpha+\beta}} r^{\frac{\alpha}{\alpha+\beta}}}_{\text{blue}} \\
 &= \underbrace{\left[\left(\frac{\beta}{\alpha}\right)^{\frac{\alpha}{\alpha+\beta}} + \left(\frac{\alpha}{\beta}\right)^{\frac{\beta}{\alpha+\beta}} \right]}_{\text{constant}} \cdot \frac{1}{A^{\frac{1}{\alpha+\beta}}} \cdot q^{\frac{1}{\alpha+\beta}} w^{\frac{\beta}{\alpha+\beta}} r^{\frac{\alpha}{\alpha+\beta}}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$q = A \bar{K}^\alpha L^\beta$$

$$L^\beta = \frac{q}{A \bar{K}^\alpha}$$

$$L^* = \left[\frac{q}{A \bar{K}^\alpha} \right]^{\frac{1}{\beta}}$$



$$C_{SR}^* = r \bar{K} + w \left[\frac{q}{A \bar{K}^\alpha} \right]^{\frac{1}{\beta}}$$

